

Another attack is when the token is stolen. In other proposals in the literature, the stolen-token scenario refers to the secret key (or the seed to generate it) which is known by an attacker (because this information is recovered from its storage) [19]. In our proposal, it is not possible to recover the stored hardware identifier because it is not stored anywhere. The only way to recover the hardware identifier is to access the PUF when it is operating or to physically steal the token so that an impostor can use it. Basically, in this scenario, the evaluation results only correspond to the biometric recognition component. Although PUF-based identifiers generated by the same device are not exactly equal (because some bit flipping is unavoidable), these differences are low. The results are included in Table II.

VI. CONCLUSIONS

A dual-factor recognition scheme based on feature level fusion of P-MCCs and SRAM PUF-based identifiers has been proposed, resulting in a secure identifier named as P-MCC-PUFs. The best performance was obtained using P-MCC-PUF1024 which considers 1024-bit feature vectors. The approach provides revocability and unlinkability to P-MCCs and also stronger template protection because the biometric information stored is obfuscated by sequences of random bits provided by SRAM PUFs.

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